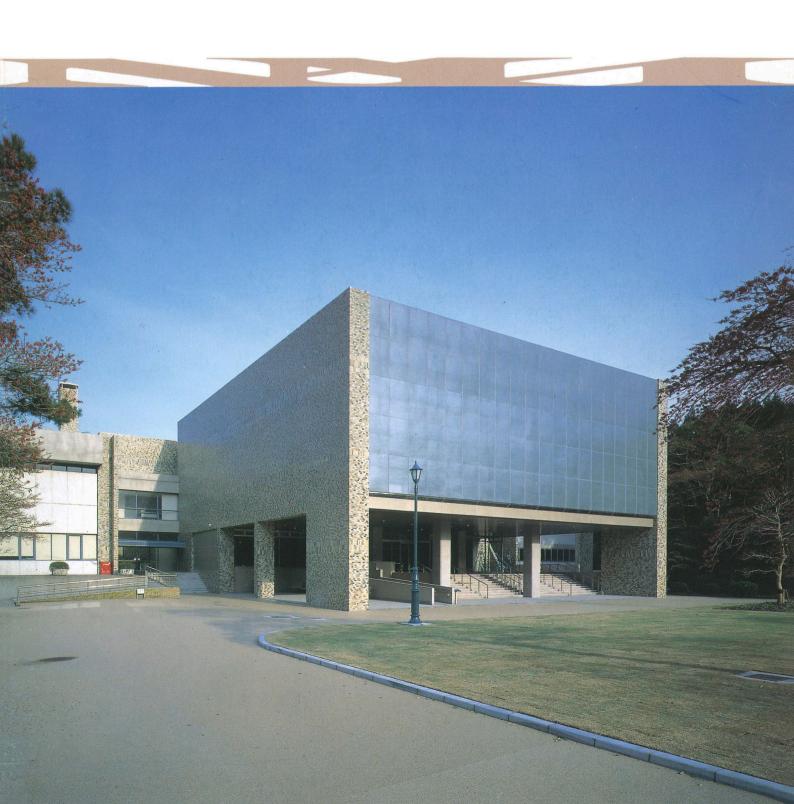
# Miyazaki Prefectural Museum of Nature and History



### **Activities of Miyazaki Prefectural Museum of Nature and History**

### Survey and Research Activities, Representing the Museum's "Brain"

Researchers are studying Miyazaki's nature and history from both short- and long-term perspectives. Their works are essential parts of the Museum activities, since study results are incorporated in exhibitions, as well as reports and papers.



# Exhibition, Representing the Museum's "Face"

Exhibitions are a means to introduce collected materials and study results to the public. The Museum has developed various display methods to make exhibitions attractive and enjoyable. In a special exhibition room, in addition to the Museum's original events, those of other museums within and outside Japan are occasionally organized.

### **Education: Activities to Support Civic Education**

The Museum organizes lectures, seminars, observation tours, workshops and other events to disseminate its study results and to introduce collected materials to the public, including school children.



# Collection and Preservation of Materials, Representing the Museum's "Heart"

Materials and artifacts are important for researching people's lifestyles and the natural environment of individual ages. The Museum collects not only originals but also replicas, photos, and films, and conserves them in the storeroom, for future use in studies and exhibitions.

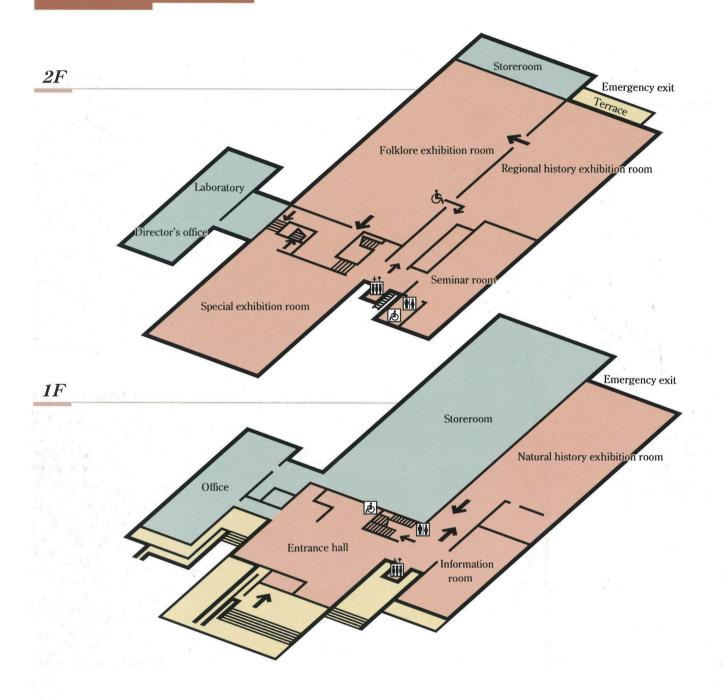


# Preservation of Valuable Natural and Historical Properties

The Museum conducts academic researches of the nature and history of Miyazaki, and actively preserves documents and materials of disappearing natural and historical properties, especially those in danger of extermination/dilapilation.



### **Museum Guide**

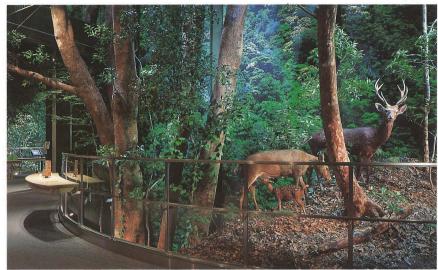


### **Permanent Exhibition:** Natural History

### **Invitation to Forests**

At the entrance of the exhibition room, visitors will be welcomed by old "Tabu"trees (Machilus Thunbergii) and Kyushu deer in the reproduced Tabu forest of early summer. The exhibition provides visitors with opportunities to rediscover and reconfirm magnificent nature and creatures living in Miyazaki.

- An old "Tabu tree" and burgeoning young trees
- Kyushu deer



Diorama of an old Tabu tree

### Forests in Miyazaki

This corner reproduces a laurel forest in early summer, with diverse creatures living in various levels of the forest, ranging from underground to the top of a tree. Visitors can encounter diverse animals in this diorama, as well as in films.



Super Dioramaof a Laurel Forest



Laurel Forest Diorama Theater

- Laurel forest
  Diorama of a laurel forest
  Diorama theater
  Laurel forests in East Asia
- Beech forest
  An antelope in an autumn forest

### Waterfront Areas in Miyazaki

This corner introduces waterfront areas in Miyazaki by classifying them into rivers, wetlands, and the sea (tideland and seashores). A wide variety of creatures live in water and on land, adapting themselves to their particular environment.

- Ecosystems in rivers
  Giant perch
- Ecosystems in wetlands
  Diorama, reproducing Kawaminami Wetland
- Ecosystems in the sea Diorama of a tideland Diorama of a coral sea Diorama of a seashore Logger-head turtle



Waterfront Areas in Miyazaki

#### Geological Aspects of Miyazaki

Since the birth of the earth 4.6 billion years ago, the earth has undergone various crustal movements. This corner demonstrates the evidences of those movements, by displaying fossils, rocks, and minerals, together with photos of strata in Miyazaki. The Earth Theater shows the processes of evolution, based on the studies of existing fossils.



Geological Aspects of Miyazaki

- Evidence of crustal movements
  Fossils found in Mt. Gion
  "Devil's washboard"
- Ground of Miyazaki
- Birth of the earth and Miyazaki
   Earth Theater
- Animal evolution
  Tyrannosaurus and Naumann's elephant



Tyrannosaurus



Seabed Model

### **Creatures of Miyazaki**

At present, innumerable creatures live on the earth. This corner demonstrates in what processes such diverse creatures have evolved from simple organisms, with particular remarks on animals and plants seen in Miyazaki.

- In what way have creatures evolved. Eight subspecies of copper pheasants around Japan
- · Animals' daily lives Symbiosis of cycads Monkeys on Kojima Island
- Plants of Miyazaki Plants growing only in Miyazaki
- Animals of Miyazaki Wild animal kingdom in Miyazaki



Creatures of Miyazaki

#### **Nature of Our Hometown**

Local people have long cherished the landscapes of their hometowns: forests, pampas fields, brooks, and ponds. This corner introduces various creatures living in the areas close to human residence, and how local people have used them in their daily lives. For instance, people have invented various dishes, games to play, and a calendar related to such creatures. In addition, there is a section focusing on perishing animals and factors for their potential extermination.

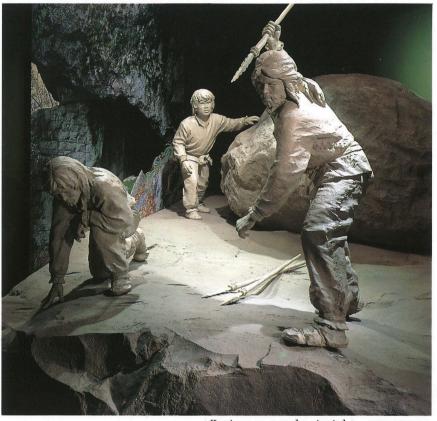
- Nature of our hometown Relationships between people and nature
- · Living in harmony with nature Perishing creatures



Nature of Our Hometown

#### **Primitive Hunters**

The exhibition on history welcomes visitors with mysterious background sounds and a reproduced scene of Izuruha Cave in primitive ages. Visitors will see brave primitive hunters, trying to catch an animal at the risk of their lives. The primeval forest is so quiet; the only sound you can hear is the murmuring sound of mountain streams.



Hunters on a rocky stretch in a Primeval Forest

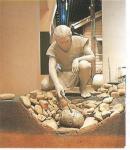
### **Early History of Hyuga Province**

Southern Kyushu has a history of over 20,000 years, which is now being unveiled by recent excavation combined with advanced scientific analysis. Although people in early history were threatened by volcanic eruptions and other natural disasters, they seem to have lived in harmony with nature. This corner shows the early history of this region, from the Old Stone Age to the *Jomon, Yayoi*, and *Kofun* eras, by displaying unearthed artifacts, replicas, and full-size models.

- Primitive hunters
   Stone knives and stoneware materials
- Early days of earthenware production
   Early Jomon earthenware
- Beginning of rice planting Petal-shaped hut Haniwa clay house
- Ancient burial mounds in Hyuga
  Underground cave-style burial mounds
  Bronze mirror
  Gold and copper harness
  (National treasure)



Petal-shaped Hut (Replica)



Replica of Earth Oven



Underground cave-style burial mounds

### From Ancient to Early Modern Times

By such means as video and audio equipment and search machines, this corner shows the daily lives of common people in the Province of Hyuga (now Miyazaki Prefecture), and the development of local cultures. By seeing, hearing, and touching panels, visitors can learn about the kind of life people led in Hyuga Province during the civil-war period (the 15th to 16th centuries); during the Edo Period (1603 - 1868), when four small provinces were established in this region; and after the Meiji Restoration (1868), when radical modernization took place.

- Birth of Hyuga Province
- Manor and daily lives of common people
   Daily lives of warriors and common people in Medieval Ages

   Folding screen depicting Mimikawa Battle
- Provinces of Hyuga
   Peasants' uprising
   Boshin War, which paved the way for the Meiji Restoration, and the Imperial Banner



Tower for Dead Spirit, and a Folding Screen Depicting Mimikawa Battle



Religion in the Medieval Age



Imperial Banner and Related Documents

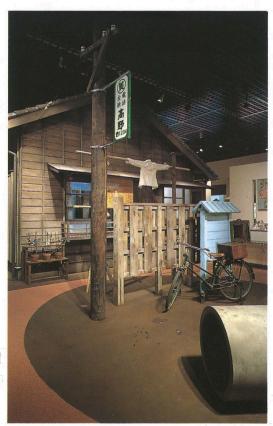
## Continuous Development of Miyazaki Prefecture

During the past few centuries, Miyazaki underwent drastic changes in social systems and the daily lives of people. This corner introduces such radical changes, by classifying the history from modern times to present days into three epochs. Historical documents, and photographs of the times are displayed, together with replicas and models.

In other corners, historical figures of Miyazaki and other important items are introduced in accordance with specific themes, regardless of the particular age they belonged to.

- Birth and development of Miyazaki
   Prefecture
- Independence movement Collage representing modernization
- Miyazaki during the World War I Materials and tools used during the war
- Revival and development after the World War II

  Modern two-room Japanese house of the latter half of the 1950's and a square
- Important figures of Hyuga



Jidai (time) Square



Daily Lives during the War



Important Figures of Hyuga

### Introduction to Folklore

This exhibition introduces Miyazaki's rich natural blessings and the daily lives of local people, by displaying a charcoal kiln, a symbol of Miyazaki's natural, geographical, and historical characteristics. The videotape titled "Kokoro Road" shows annual events and festivals, which represent spiritual aspects of local people.

- Models of a charcoal burning kiln and a hut for charcoal burners in Kitaura Town
- Four seasons of Miyazaki (film)
- Sadowara dolls



Invitation to Folklore

### Life in a Mountain Village

This corner shows the daily lives of people in mountain villages, by displaying manufacturing tools that have been designated by the nation as important tangible folklore properties. The tools indicate local villagers' inventions to effectively use natural blessings, wishes for better lives, gratitude for the natural blessings, and close relationship with nature.



Exhibition of Life in a Mountain Village

- A farmer's hut in Nishimera Village
- A scene of roasting tea leaves in Gokase Town
- Sweetfish catching in Kitagawa Town
- Wood cutting in Aya Town
- Daily lives in mountain villages in photos and films



A Model of a Charcoal Kiln



Roasting Tea Leaves

### Life in a Farm Village

This corner introduces daily lives of people living in river basins and a plain. Exhibits show agricultural technologies that have been passed on from previous generations, farmers' wishes for rich crops and gratitude for natural blessings, and deep relationship among community members.



Exhibition of Life in a Farm Village

- · Hunting wild ducks at a pond
- · A model of a mill
- Model of a straw roof
- Tools used for agricultural rituals and ceremonies
- Life of a farm village in photos and films



**Hunting Wild Ducks** 



Model of a Straw thatched roof

### Life in a Fishing Village

This corner introduces daily lives of people living on the Hyuga Sea coast, which has complex inlets and extensive sand beaches. Exhibits show fishing technologies inherited from previous generations, villagers' wishes for good catches and safety of navigation, and close human relationship developed through peddling and fish market business.



Exhibition of Life in a Fishing Village

- Fishing for flying fish near Cape Toi
- Diving for fishing near Aoshima Island
- New Year and full-moon festival decorations, and ship flags
- Tools used by peddlers
- · Life in a fishing village in photos and films



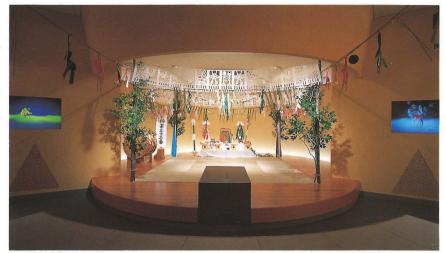
Catching Flying Fish



Diving for Fishing near Aoshima Island

### People's Prayers, and Festivals

For people in mountain, farm, and fishing villages, praying to gods for a good harvest and peaceful daily lives was equally important as their daily tasks. Even today, people observe seasonal festivals and annual events to pray to gods.



Inside the Kagura Theater

- Kagura (sacred music and dance)
  Theater
- Reproduced sacred kagura stage and straw festoon
- Kagura masks
- Introduction of folk performing arts and annual events



Kagura Masks



Sacred Straw Festoon

### **Special Exhibition Room**

Special exhibitions are held concerning natural and human histories of Japan and other countries.



Special Exhibition of Silkroad and Central Asian Artifacts held in 1995



Special Exhibition of Perishing Plants in Japan held in 1995

### Information on Other Rooms

### Reception and Information Counter

This counter sells tickets, and provides general information on the Museum.



#### **♦**Tourist Information Corner

This corner provides tourist information, including information on cultural properties (designated by national, prefectural, and municipal governments); museums of fine arts and historical materials; castles, old gates, stone bridges, and other historical sites; and flower gardens and huge trees in Miyazaki Prefecture.



### **♦Information Room**

This room comprises a small library, and corners of specimen, films, personal computers, together with an "experience" corner, all permitting visitors to study more about exhibitions.





#### ♦Seminar Room 1

This seminar room (80 seats) with audio-video equipment, is used for promoting the Museum's activities.



#### Seminar Room 2

This seminar room (30 seats) permits holding lectures, experiments, and observations.



### **Facilities Attached to the Museum**

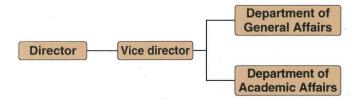
### **♦Traditional Folk Houses**

Opened: 1973 - 1978

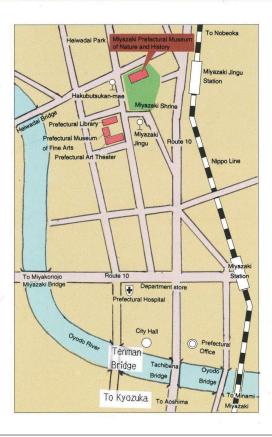
Address : 4-4, Jingu 2-chome, Miyazaki-shi Features: Folk houses of unique designs built

150 - 200 years ago have been relocated to this site from around the Prefecture. The houses include two important cultural properties and two additional tangible cultural properties designated by the national and prefectural governments respectively.





### **Visitor Information**



Open: 9:00a.m.-5:00p.m.(last entry at 4:30p.m.)

Closed: Tuesdays(Wednesday when Tuesday falls on a holiday'),

days following national holidays(if it falls on Saturday, Sunday, or other holidays, the following day), and from

December 28 to January 4

Admission: Free

Access: •10-minute walk from JR Miyazaki Jingu Station

●10-minute walk from Miyazaki Kotsu Bus Miyazaki Jingu Stop(teaminal stop)

1-minute walk from Miyazaki kotsu Bus Hakubutsukanmae Stop of the bus line bound for Aya,Kunitomi, Heiwagaoka

